

OLIVE BRANCH STILL ADORNS CALM FOREHEAD OF BULL MOOSE

Progressives Aver They Are
Willing to Lay Aside Party
Emblem for Sake of Pa-
triotism.

WILSON MAY BE NAMED, SAYS STRAUS

Delegate From New York
Declares Formal Indorse-
ment of President Is Not at
All Improbable.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Chicago, June 4.—The progressive national committee will meet tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock to make final arrangements for the third party convention at the Auditorium, June 7. As there are no contested seats in the convention, only routine business is planned by the committee.

Leaders thought it possible, however, that some statement might be issued bearing on the relations of the republicans and progressives.

Despite increasing demands by Roosevelt supporters today for the personal attendance here by Colonel Roosevelt, his secretary, John W. McGrath, declared positively tonight that the colonel would remain at Oyster Bay during the convention.

Two statements issued.

Two progressive national committees, Harold L. Ickes, of Illinois, and William Holtz Day, of Indiana, tonight issued statements.

"Certainly the progressives will not nominate Justice Hughes without knowing his position on the vital issues of the day," said Mr. Ickes. "The possibility of a joint nomination of Justice Hughes by republicans and progressives is therefore a remote contingency. On the basis of the present situation Justice Hughes is plainly impossible of consideration for the progressive nomination."

Declaring that Indiana progressives are for Mr. Roosevelt, "or someone just as good, a man in whom they have implicit confidence," said Mr. Day. "The progressives are willing to lay aside their party emblem or some of the things they have fought for to accomplish a success of their broader patriotic movement."

Exchange Courtesy.

Mutual interest of progressives and republicans of Oregon was evidenced by exchange of seats between the rival delegates and alternates. The Oregon republicans, who arrived today, have appointed five progressives as their alternates in the republican convention hall. The progressives from Oregon have returned the courtesy by appointing five of the regular republicans as their alternates in the progressive meeting.

Seated on the progressive convention floor as delegates or alternates will be thirty-three women, the largest feminine delegation, of twelve, coming from Washington.

Today, progressive delegates in force will arrive from New York, Pennsylvania, Kansas, North Dakota, Georgia and South Carolina. Among the progressive leaders who arrived today was William Flinn, of Pittsburgh.

Brown May Be Chairman.

It was said here tonight that Walter Brown, of Ohio, would probably be decided upon as permanent chairman of the progressive convention.

The plan suggested last week by George W. Perkins, of New York, that the progressive convention delay in making any nominations until after the republicans have taken action, found favor among progressive leaders here tonight, and it was thought probable that such an arrangement will be agreed upon.

One plan being considered among tonight by progressive leaders is to have the progressive convention express its intention to nominate Colonel Roosevelt and recess until action is taken by the republicans. If the republican convention nominated Justice Hughes, the progressives, according to the plan, would wait until Colonel Roosevelt's attitude was made known.

Wait on Roosevelt.

If Colonel Roosevelt expressed willingness to support Justice Hughes, the progressives, according to the plan, would be expected to line up behind him.

Another plan suggested was that if when the two conventions meet there is a deadlock over a candidate both can accept and each would appoint a conference committee to find a more acceptable one to both conventions.

Osar S. Straus, of New York, a delegate to the progressive convention, declared that if the republican convention did not nominate Colonel Roosevelt the progressives might formally endorse President Wilson for reelection and adjourn without further action.

May Nominate Wilson.

"President Wilson has many friends among the progressives," said Mr. Straus. "I wouldn't be surprised if the republican convention named some candidate so unsatisfactory that we might endorse President Wilson. I am for Roosevelt first and I sincerely hope the republicans will name him. Hughes, I think, would be acceptable to many progressives. The only argument against is dragging the supreme court into politics. It would establish a dangerous precedent. Some of the most powerful arguments against his running under the circumstances are his own public statements on the subject."

Ordered to Santo Domingo.

San Diego, Calif., June 4.—Orders were received here today from Washington by Col. J. P. Middleton, commanding the Fourth regiment marines, to proceed to New Orleans.

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Colo., June 4.—New Mexico: Monday and Tuesday generally fair and warmer.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.
For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday:

Maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 49 degrees; range, 37 degrees; temperature at 6 p. m., 37 degrees; southwest wind; clear.

where the men will embark for Santo Domingo. The marines will leave tomorrow.

STRIKE SITUATION IS UNCHANGED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

San Francisco, June 4.—Striking dock workers and employing shipowners rested on their oars today here and at other Pacific coast ports and the situation remained unchanged. Employees' associations expressed gratification over a telegram received from Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson, urging the strikers to adhere to their agreement to give sixty days' notice before quitting work. Strike leaders refused to discuss the telegram.

H. C. Thacker, secretary of the waterfront employes' union, said today that no attempt would be made to resume work here tomorrow and that the only charges handled would be by the companies that had granted the strikers' demands.

Conferees between employers and strikers have been arranged here and in Portland, Ore., for tomorrow and Wednesday, respectively.

NATIONAL WOMAN'S PARTY MEETS TONIGHT

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Chicago, June 4.—The chairmanship of the campaign committee of the national woman's party, which will convene here tomorrow, will be between three delegates, according to expressed sentiment of various delegations arriving here today. The candidates include Miss Anne Martin, of Nevada; Mrs. O. K. Davis, of Colorado; and Mrs. Ida Finney MacKillop, of California.

Besides the election of a chairman an executive committee will be named, the election being held Tuesday night after the adoption of the woman's party platform. Final arrangements for the convention were made today by the local committee, and a number of delegations were received at the headquarters of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage.

Delegations arrived today from Connecticut, Colorado, Indiana, Wyoming, Missouri, Massachusetts, Maryland, California and New York. More delegations from New York will arrive tomorrow, headed by women prominent in national suffrage movements, including Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Inez Milholland, Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch and Mrs. John Roberts.

PARADE OF U. S. SOLDIERS TO BE HELD IN EL PASO

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

El Paso, Tex., June 4.—In order to calm the nerves of El Paso, General George Bell, commanding the forces in this section, has ordered a parade of the soldiers stationed at Fort Bliss and neighboring points for next Wednesday morning, that the citizens may see for themselves.

With this order General Bell issued a statement to the people of El Paso, which says:

"No trouble of any kind is anticipated, but so many citizens have offered their services to the commanding general of the El Paso district in case of riot or outside trouble that it is believed necessary to call attention to the fact that the United States troops in this district are fully competent, without any assistance other than that afforded by your municipal and state authorities to meet any possible contingency that may occur within the city or outside, or in both places."

"The only assistance desired and expected from private individuals is that, in case of rioting or other disturbances necessitating the use of the military, each individual, excepting physicians and clergymen in the discharge of their duties, will keep off the streets and remain at home or in his place of business during the disturbance."

To Suspect Armed Civilians.

General Bell adds that in case of trouble all armed civilians will be disarmed and treated with suspicion.

"Those who have no regard for their duty to the authorities, and those who do not possess ordinary common sense," warns the general, "need not be surprised if they are treated with scant courtesy, for military methods in times of danger are very summary in character."

He then announces the review of troops, "for those interested in the welfare of El Paso."

For Moral Effect.

Major Bell said later that the reason for his statement was that he had been constantly besieged by queries from nervous people who feared Mexican attacks.

"Now that conditions along the border are serene and peaceful," he explained, "I thought this a good opportunity to advise the people how to conduct themselves if at any future time trouble should arise."

Explosions last week at the smelter, caused by hot slag flowing into water, created something of a panic in El Paso. It was taken for an artillery attack by Mexicans.

TEUTONS VAINLY STRIVE TO PUSH BACK DEFENDERS OF VERDON FORT

Invaders Succeed in Getting
Foothold in Trenches of the
French, but Are Ejected
Soon Afterward.

ITALIANS ARE NOW HOLDING THEIR OWN

Attempt of Austrians to Break
Through Line Is Balked;
Russians Are Repulsed in
East.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

The region of Vaux and Dambloup, northeast of Verdun, has been the scene of further futile attempts of the Germans to pierce the French lines. All the attacks were set at naught by the French fire, except a night attack between Dambloup and Fort Vaux, where the Germans obtained a foothold in French trenches. From there, however, they were immediately driven out by a counter attack.

The Canadian troops and the Germans have been battling fiercely on the Ypres salient. The German guns opened up several days ago, deluging the Canadian positions and the surrounding territory with shells. Then the German infantry advanced along an extended front of almost two miles, capturing trenches. In a series of counter attacks, in which bombs and bayonets played an important part, the Canadians regained most of the lost ground and have reorganized their positions.

Russians Repulsed.

On the Russian front violent artillery duels are going on in the Besarabian and Volynian sectors. Several Russian infantry attacks against the Austrians were repulsed. The Italians in the region of Arserio are holding the Austrians from further advances in the desperate struggle that is going on in this region. The Austrians with large forces, however, are not making any headway in the direction of Onore, but were driven back. The bombardments are still heavy on the other sectors of the Austro-Italian front.

Martial Law at Saloniki

According to unofficial advice from Saloniki, General Sarraill—the French commander—has declared martial law in the entire zone occupied by the entente allies and the allied troops have taken over the telegraph office, the post and customs house at Saloniki.

The great naval battle fought by the British and the Germans off the coast of Jutland last week continued the all-absorbing feature of the war. While Germany still holds her original announcement of losses—a battleship, three cruisers and several torpedo boat destroyers—the British admiralty says there is the strongest ground for supposing that the Germans lost two battleships, two dreadnought battle cruisers, four light cruisers, nine torpedo boat destroyers and a submarine, eighteen vessels in all. The admiralty says that with the destruction of these ships Germany's losses were not relatively, but absolutely heavier than those of the British.

BODIES OF VICTIMS OF WRECK IDENTIFIED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Mason City, Ia., June 4.—The bodies of two women who were killed in the Rock Island wreck at Packard, Ia., on Friday, were identified today as those of Mrs. Ida Lewis and her sister, Mrs. F. J. Horne, of Fairfield, Ia. Mrs. Lewis for the last sixteen years was matron of the Iowa Old Fellows Orphans' Home, and the Horne family lived at Packard.

The bodies are being brought here for burial. The funeral services will be in charge of the Odd Fellows. The date has not been fixed.

Four more bodies have been recovered from the river into which the train went, making thirteen found to be missing. Two more are known to be missing.

PARADE IN VERA CRUZ AGAINST INTERVENTION

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Vera Cruz, Mexico, June 4.—The labor union organizations carried out a "silent manifestation" today against American intervention in Mexican affairs. There was an immense parade, but it was conducted in an orderly manner.

The unions sent a cablegram to President Wilson asking for the removal of American troops and warships, and a protest was sent to all labor confederations in the world.

Battle Cruiser Damaged

Copenhagen, June 5.—A dispatch to the Stettin from Ribe, Jutland, says that the German battle cruiser Seydlitz was slightly damaged Thursday morning by thirty-eight miles west of Froye islands going south, pursued by British warships. She was badly damaged and had two large holes in her.

The Seydlitz is a dreadnought cruiser of 25,000 tons. She was built in 1912 and is armed with ten 11-inch guns and twelve 6-inch guns. She took part in the battle off Heligoland in January, 1915, and was reported to have been badly damaged in that engagement and to have suffered heavy casualties among her crew.

ROOSEVELT NO TO LAND C. O. P. NOMINATION IS COMMON BELIEF

Both Republican and Progressive
Leaders Are Becoming
Convinced Hughes Alone
Can Defeat Democrats.

INTENTIONS OF OLD GUARD DOUBTFUL

Roosevelt Defeated, Will They
Choose Favorite Son or
Satisfy Bull Moose by Tak-
ing Hughes?

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Chicago, June 4.—The source of an-
known reason for which no explanation
is offered, there is a growing con-
viction tonight among both republican
and progressive leaders assembled
here for the national conventions that
Colonel Roosevelt will not be nomi-
nated by the republican party. Among
those who hold to this view are many
numbered among the colonel's closest
friends, who none the less are not
siding up the fight.

The leaders who take this view of
the situation seem to think that Justice
Hughes is the man who could
bring the republican and progressive
parties together and present a solid
front to the democratic opposition,
even though they are not convinced
that the justice can win the nomination.

Situation Puzzling

The situation which this condition
presents is unprecedented. None of
the leaders on the ground professes
to have any idea of what will happen.
It is notable that all the speculation
so far has been principally among the
leaders, probably less than fifty of
them, and that the delegates have had
very little part in it. Little more
than half of the delegates to the re-
publican convention have reached Chi-
cago tonight. Those who are here
are uncertain of the attitude of other
men from their states.

It seemed certain that Colonel
Roosevelt could have the progressive
nomination at once if he would say
he would not accept the nomination
to withdraw his candidacy if the re-
publican convention nominated a man
whom he was willing to support.

Factions Disagree

One faction among the progressives
favors nominating Colonel Roosevelt
on the first day of the convention and
then await the action of the republicans.
Another faction would prefer
to make no nomination until it was
known what the republicans proposed
to do.

On every hand tonight there is
speculation as to what the old guard
will do if it succeeds in defeating
Colonel Roosevelt for the nomination;
whether they would go the whole dis-
tance and nominate a man of their
number such as Root, Fairbanks,
Wheeler or Taft, or whether they
would attempt to conciliate the pro-
gressives by choosing a man whom
the latter might support. The name
of Justice Hughes is the only one
that has been brought forward so far
as having any possibility.

Harmony Prevails.

Among the rank and file of the re-
publicans there are indications of a
genuine effort to draw the progres-
sives back into the old party. One of
these evidences is the lack of harsh
criticism and belittling demonstrations
which characterized the convention
period of 1912. Apparently all fac-
tions learned a lesson from the dis-
astrous consequences following the
split four years ago and as a result
there is a more harmonious attitude
of the nature of brigandage or defiance.

Because of the fact that Justice
Hughes and Colonel Roosevelt occupy
places far in advance of others in the
race, they have become the especial
subjects of attack and by the cham-
pions of the other, and both by the
adherents of the half dozen or more
other men whose names are being
mentioned.

Colonel Greatly Opposed

Most of the delegates who came in
today were of the element that stood
out for party solidarity in 1912 and
although some of them speak with-
out rancor of Colonel Roosevelt, they
take a positive position against his
candidacy. While they are not
entirely in agreement, they are
agreed that the influence of his sup-
porters may be paramount in naming
the candidate and shaping the plat-
form. Many of them are willing to
concede that inasmuch as his first
desire is a united party, they are will-
ing to go to the sacrifice of letting
Colonel Roosevelt pick the candidate
if that will insure harmony among
the republicans and win the support
of the progressives.

Those who are opposing nominat-
ing Justice Hughes lay their principal
complaint against him to his failure
to announce his position on current
issues. This criticism comes from
both republicans and progressives.

There was a widespread report to-
night that Colonel Roosevelt himself
had declared that he would not sup-
port the justice unless he made such a
statement. The progressive leaders
here made no secret of their intention
to demand a satisfactory pronounce-
ment before they would give their
support.

Hughes Would Accept

Supporters of Hughes contended
that if he was nominated by the re-
publicans he could be depended upon
to send a telegram of acceptance that
would meet with the approval of de-
legates. Even some of the progres-
sives agreed that they could not hope
for an advanced statement from Mr.
Hughes in view of the fact that he
never has admitted that he was a
candidate. Some of them went so
far as to say that if he was nomi-
nated by the republicans and immedi-
ately declared his position in a satis-
factory manner that the progressives,
with the consent of Colonel Roosevelt,
would support him.

(Continued on Page Two.)

CONVENTIONS IN CHIHUAHUA ARE IMPROVED, SAY LATE ARRIVALS

Big Mining Company, Em-
ploying Thousand Men, Re-
sumes Operations; Other
Industries Starting Again.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST BANDITS VIGOROUS

Constitutionalist Commander
Issues Manifesto That All
Non-combatants Must Give
Up Arms.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

El Paso, Tex., June 4.—Industrial,
economic and financial conditions in
the state of Chihuahua are rapidly
improving, according to reports
brought to the border tonight by a
party of widely known Americans re-
turning from a business trip to the
border district.

Supporting their statements were
private advices received here today
saying that the Alvarado Mining and
Milling company, employing 1,000
men, had resumed operations, as
have a number of smaller mining
properties. It was said that a num-
ber of other minor companies are pre-
paring to resume operations also.

Active Fight Against Bandits

The Americans said General Luis
Herrera, constitutionalist commander
of the district, has started an active
campaign against bandits, killing
twelve in the last week and capturing
a number more. In an attempt
to minimize disturbances he issued a
manifesto Thursday saying that all
weapons in the hands of persons other
than soldiers must be delivered to the
courts, the penalty for failure to com-
ply being death. They asserted that
he had issued rifles and ammunition
to American guards of some of the
mining companies to protect them
against bandit attacks.

No anti-American sentiment was
manifest in either Chihuahua City or
Parral, they said, General Jacinto Tre-
vino and Governor Enriquez at Chi-
huahua and General Herrera and his
father, Jose de Luz Herrera, mayor
of Parral, assuring all Americans of
every protection the Carranzistas
could give them.

Roads Being Prepared

G. H. MacKenzie, manager of the
Agricola Electric Power company of
Parral, one of the articles said that
the roads of the trunk line rail-
ways of Mexico are rapidly being re-
paired as is the rolling stock, and as-
serted that numbers of the old em-
ployees are being put to work. He
pointed out that for the first time in
some years the irrigated valleys of
Chihuahua have been planted and
corn and wheat is growing, while the
uplands have been plowed and are
awaiting the rainy season for plant-
ing.

"Silver money is now allowed to
circulate in the district," he said.
"The government is accepting, and
Veracruz issues in payment for rail-
way, telegraph and similar services,
and is retiring it rapidly."

Mining Properties Guarded

"The mining properties in the dis-
trict are well guarded by Carranzistas
and only a few scattered bandits re-
main in the district," he said. "Ex-
amples of their limited, I was told that
last week several of them stopped a Mex-
ican riding a mule. They expressed
admiration for the animal but seemed
afraid to take it from him. These band-
its have been hunted so vigorously
that they have had few chances to
obtain proper supplies and are said to
be ravenously hungry."

Mr. MacKenzie said that he and his
companions rode unarmed through the
Parral district, accompanied only by
a small Carranza escort, and that
they experienced nothing but cordial
receptions from the native population.

GERMAN DRIVE NETS 500 FRENCH PRISONERS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Berlin, June 4.—The German drive
on the Verdun front between the
Calotte wood and Dambloup, north-
east of the fortress is progressing fa-
vorably for the attacking forces, the
year officers announced today. The
capture of more than 500 prisoners
and four machine guns is reported.

West of the Meuse, a French at-
tack near hill No. 394 was repulsed.
Attempts by the British to regain
the ground they recently lost to the
Germans near Ypres, on the Flanders
front, were fruitless.

\$800,000 Fire on Frisco Water Front

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

San Francisco, June 4.—Five thou-
sand tons of freight from the Orient,
which were unloaded on the water
front here yesterday from the Shinyo
Maru No. 2, a Japanese freighter, and
a pier recently erected by the state,
were destroyed in a spectacular blaze
of unknown origin today. The
Shinyo and the General Forbes, an-
other freighter, which were tied to
the pier, were slightly damaged be-
fore they were towed out of the fire's
reach. Steamship men estimated the
total loss at about \$800,000.

The Shinyo arrived Wednesday, but
the cargo was not touched until late
yesterday, when its owners, the Toyo
Kisen Kaisha, granted the demands
of the striking longshoremen.

A coal barge, the Melrose, the largest
on the bay, caught fire and drifted
out into the stream. She lumped
into and ignited another barge and
both floated down the bay with their
cargoes ablaze. Fire tugs caught up
with them off the ferry building. Sev-
eral persons narrowly escaped being
burned.

COLORADO GOVERNOR IS CRITICALLY ILL

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Denver, June 4.—Governor George
A. Carlson is critically ill and will be
unable to act as a delegate at large
at the republican national convention
at Chicago this week, according to an
announcement made by his secretary
tonight.

Governor Carlson recently suffered
a severe attack of tonsillitis. Last
night he was again taken ill. His
brother, Dr. John Carlson, of Eaton,
Colo., was summoned for a confer-
ence with other physicians today af-
ter which the announcement that he
will be unable to go to Chicago was
made.

An unsuccessful effort was made to-
day to locate Henry C. Watson, of
Greely, Governor Carlson's alternate
to the convention. In the event Mr.
Watson does not go, it is expected that
the chairman of the Colorado delega-
tion will be empowered to cast Gov-
ernor Carlson's vote.

Late tonight it was announced
that N. C. Dougherty, of Greeley,
Colo., who left for Chicago yester-
day with other Colorado delegates,
had been appointed to act in Gov-
ernor Carlson's stead.

PERSHING DEPARTS ON INSPECTION TRIP

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Colonia Duhain, Chihuahua, June
4.—Gen. J. Pershing, American ex-
peditionary commander, left here to-
day for his first inspection trip to the
border, since the troops crossed the
frontier twelve weeks ago. Gen-
eral Pershing planned to pay particu-
lar attention to the details of the wa-
ter supply, the condition of the motor
trail and the locations for camp sites
between here and the base at Colum-
bia, N. M. He expected to reach the
border Monday and probably will re-
turn with in a few days.

NEW JUDGMENT OF SOLOMON PASSED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Chicago, June 4.—The Louisiana de-
legate contest, which has caused the
republican national committee more
concern than any other, was settled
today when an amicable agreement
was reached whereby both delegations
will be seated, each member with half
a vote. This agreement will be an-
nounced when the national committee
resumes the hearing of contests at 9
o'clock tomorrow morning.

The agreement contemplates, also,
the resignation of Victor Loebl as na-
tional committeeman from Louisiana.
Each delegation has a candidate for
the place, but it was said today the
choice probably would go to Armand
Cochran of New Orleans, who is a
member of the regular delegation.

SEVEN VILLISTAS TO BE HANGED COMING FRIDAY

(Associated Press Correspondence)

Denning, N. M., June 4.—Seven
followers of Francisco Villa, the dis-
graced Mexican leader, will be hanged
on June 9. Gov. William C. McDon-
ald on May 15, four days before the
original date for the execution grant-
ed a reprieve in compliance with a
request from President Wilson, to per-
mit an investigation into the conduct
of the trial, and by the governor's re-
prieve the execution was set for June
9th.

The seven men were tried in the
district court here and convicted of
first degree murder for their part in
the raid on Columbus, N. M., March
9, in which seventeen soldiers and
civilian Americans were killed, sev-
eral wounded and a number of build-
ings destroyed. Three months later
they were sentenced to pay the ex-
treme penalty.

The condemned are:
Jose Rangel,
Juan Sanchez,
Eusebio Retanilla,
Tomas Garcia,
Jose Rodriguez,
Juan Castillo,
Francisco Alvarez.

At the trial contest contented that
the defendants had no knowledge of
where they were going at the time
of the raid and that they were forced
to follow Villa under penalty of
death.

Jose Rangel, who was wounded and
carried into court April 24, when sen-
tence was imposed, made a plea for
mercy from his cot. The prisoners
have been in the state penitentiary at
Santa Fe for safekeeping.

LOYD'S REPORTS TWO SHIPS SUNK

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

London, June 4.—Dispatches to
Lloyd's reports the sinking of the
unarmed British steamships Dew-
land and Salmonpool. Lloyd's also
announces that the Genoa steamer
Martora was sunk on May 27.

Available shipping records do not
list any steamer named Martora.

"LONG LIVE ALLIES!" CRY SALONIKI PEOPLE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Paris, June 4.—A dispatch from
Saloniki says the proclamation of
General Sarraill of martial law in the
entire zone occupied by the entente
allies, a step taken as a result of
the occupation of Port Raul by
Bulgarian and German troops, has
been favorably received by the popu-
lation. The crowds manifested their
friendly sentiments by shouting:
"Long live the allies!"

GERMANY LOST MORE HEAVILY THAN ENGLAND, LONDON CLAIMS